

# El alfabeto

(el abecedario)



# El alfabeto

## How many letters?

- 27 letters per the *Real Academia Española* in Spain.
- Some Spanish speaking countries/regions may have up to three additional letters in their alphabets.

## Additional letters

- **ch** (chay)
- **ll** (eh-yay)
- **rr** (er~~ray - roll the “r”)

Spanish vowels  
are always  
pronounced  
the same

# Spanish Vowels (Vocales)

Spanish vowels  
are short and  
crisp.

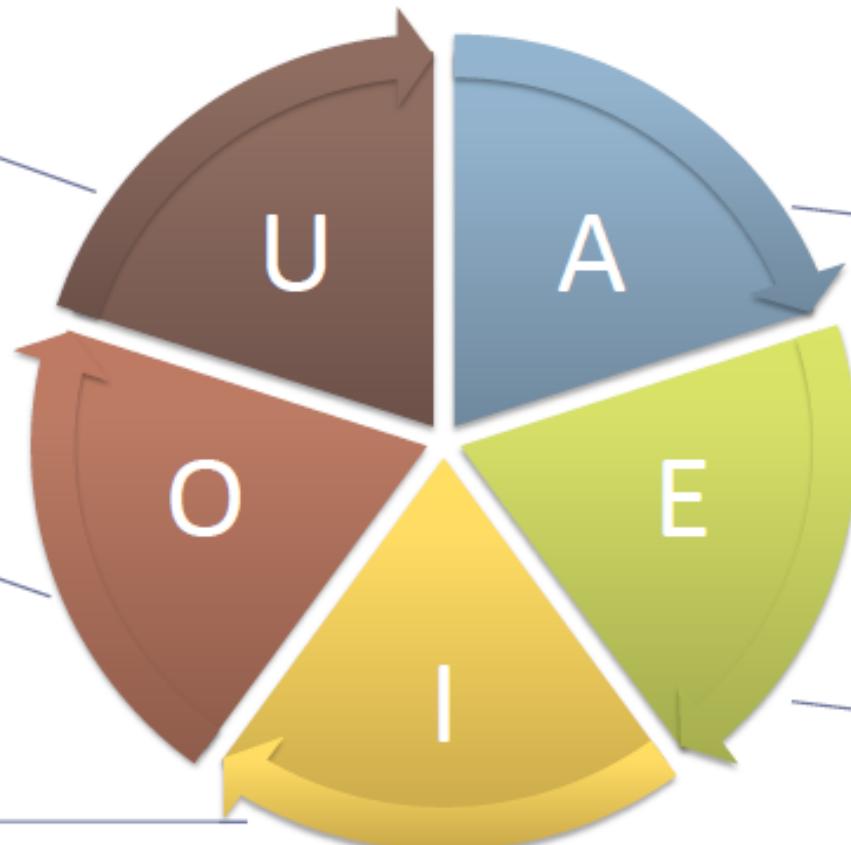
Sounds  
like  
English  
“oo”

Sounds  
like  
English  
“oh”

Sounds  
like  
English  
“e”

Sounds  
like  
English  
“ah”

Sounds  
like  
English  
“a”



# El alfabeto

**a** (ah), **b** (bay), **c** (say), **ch** (chay), **d** (day) , **e** (ay), **f** (ef-ay)

**g** (hay), **h** (ah-chay), **i** (ee), **j** (ho-tah), **k** (kah), **l** (el-lay), **ll** (eh-yay)

**m** (eh-may), **n** (en-nay), **ñ** (en-yay), **o** (oh), **p** (pay)

**q** (koo), **r** (eh-ray), **rr** (er~~ray - roll the “r”), **s** (eh-say), **t** (tay)

**u** (oo), **v** (bay), **w** (doh-blay-bay), **x** (eh-keys)

**y** (ee - gree- eh- gah), **z** (say- tah)

# Los sonidos de las letras

## (letter sounds)

**D** = th/d    ex: nublado

**G** = hard g or h sound

ex: gris, grande, gigante, ingenio

**H** = silent    ex: Hace sol or hola

**J** = h sound    ex: anaranjado

**L** = y sound    ex: amarillo

**B/V** = both are a mix of the two

ex: bien, viernes, verde

# Pronunciación

- Emphasis is always on the second to last syllable, unless there is an accent.
- Only vowels can have accent marks
  - á, é, í, ó, ú
- The ~ on top of the n is called a tilde (ñ). It is not an accent mark but rather a marking for a different letter sound.

# Try to sound out these words ....

- Vestido
- Nubes
- Llave
- Avión
- Carro
- Teléfono
- Jirafa